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09/882,018	06/18/2001	Claire-Sabine Randriamasy	Q64966	8810

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EXAMINER
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ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 July 2007</u>.

2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.   2b) ☒ This action is non-final.

3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-10</u> is/are pending in the application.

   4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-10</u> is/are rejected.

7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.

   Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

   Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

   a) ☐ All   b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:

   1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

   2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

   3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

   * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
   Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.

4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
   Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.

5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on 30 July 2007. **Claims 1 and 3-10** are now pending in the present application and **claim 2** is cancelled. This office action is made **Non-Final**.

Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

   a. Specification recites "...server **BSM**..." on pg. 4, line(s) 27-28 without spelling out the abbreviation in words.

   Appropriate correction is required.

   In response to applicant's argument in the paragraph bridging pgs. 6-7, "...BSM is defined as *best server maps*...", the Examiner respectfully disagrees. The abbreviation BSM does not clearly indicate best server maps. The Examiner suggests modifying the language to include --best server maps (BSM)-- which is an example to help clarify the language. See instant application pg. 3, line 14, "...operation and maintenance centers (OMC)..." which clearly indicated what the abbreviation OMC is referencing.

3. This list of examples is not intended to be exhaustive.

Claim Objections

4. The objections applied to the claims are withdrawn, as the proposed claim corrections are approved.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The 112 rejections applied to the claims are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

> A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –
>
> (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by **Vasudevan et al.** (hereinafter Vasudevan) **(US 6,539,221 B1)**.

Regarding **claim 1**, Vasudevan discloses a method of constructing a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and 17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see abstract; col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the method comprising the steps of:

dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed "areas" using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic;

determining a traffic threshold which reads on the claimed "value" for each of said areas (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and 22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area; and

determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said

traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and

17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and

outputting the determined representation (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic

map which maps traffic of an area,

wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from

said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines

10-19; Fig. 22b).

Regarding **claim 3**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 2, wherein said

handover probabilities are computed conjointly with said traffic values by a constraint

optimization method (see col. 1, lines 41-49; col. 5, line 39 - col. 8 line 43; col. 13, lines 10-

19; Figs. 18 and 22b), where the network optimization is performed within the constraints of

the algorithms.

Regarding **claim 4**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein the

dividing of each cell comprises:

acquiring incoming handover boundaries from best server maps provided by a

management system (see col. 3, lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and

23a-c), where the system determines the handover boundaries which are adjusted according

to traffic demands, and

computing outgoing handover boundaries from said incoming handover boundaries (see

col. 3, lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and 23a-c), where determining

of the outgoing boundaries are generated from the incoming boundary would be inherent for

handover as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize,

dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed

"areas" using the outgoing handover boundaries (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5,

lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic

between sectors of cell,

wherein said outgoing handover boundaries form the boundaries of said areas (see col. 3,

lines 6-64; col. 4, lines 32 - col. 5, line 35; Figs. 16, 17, and 23a-c), where determining of the

outgoing boundaries are generated from the incoming boundary for handover.

Regarding **claim 5**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein the

following constraint is satisfied for each cell: addition of all the traffic values (λ_k) of the

areas comprised in a cell (i) is equal to the traffic value of the cell (i) (see col. 5, lines 1-12;

col. 8, lines 13-19; col. 9, line 33 - col. 10, line 14; col. 13, lines 9-19; Fig. 22b-h), where the

cell/sectors have a power limit and traffic threshold that the densification program use for the

algorithm and Erlang and Poisson formulas to optimize the network.

Regarding **claim 6**, Vasudevan discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein a

distinction is made between two types of areas contained in a cell C_i:

areas near a cell C_i, for which probability that a call will be subject to an outgoing

handover is relatively high (see col. 8, lines 8-33,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-

19; Fig. 22b),

other areas near a cell C_i, for which probability that a call will be subject to an outgoing

handover is relatively low (see col. 8, lines 8-33,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 10-

19; Fig. 22b). The cells of the system are divided into areas (e.g., sectors) for handover of

traffic between sectors of cell (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6,

7, 8, and 20), where system considers the demand in each area and projected demand (see

col. 3, lines 11-20; col. 7, lines 38-41; claim 1).

Regarding **claim 7**, Vasudevan discloses a computer planning device for constructing

a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and 17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular

radio network (see abstract; col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the device

comprising:

a dividing instruction for dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors

which reads on the claimed "areas" using information on handovers obtained from said

cellular network (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20),

where the cell is divided into areas for handover of traffic;

a first determining instruction for determining a traffic threshold which reads on the

claimed "value" for each of said areas (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col.

13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and 22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area;

and

a second determining instruction for determining a representation of the geographical

distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col.

9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and 17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and

an outputting instruction for outputting the determined representation to a management

unit (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic map which maps traffic of an area,

wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from

said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines

10-19; Fig. 22b).

Regarding **claim 8**, Vasudevan discloses the method according to claim 1, wherein

said outputting comprises outputting the determined representation to a management unit to

generate an alarm or to take corrective measures when needed (see col. 9, lines 18-20), where

the system recognizing the traffic conditions for an area to provide cell splitting in which the

alarm would be inherent as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize.

Regarding **claim 9**, Vasudevan discloses the computer planning device according to

claim 7, wherein said outputting instruction outputs the determined representation to a

management unit to generate an alarm or to take corrective measures when needed (see col.

9, lines 18-20), where the system recognizing the traffic conditions for an area to provide cell

splitting in which the alarm would be inherent as one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly

recognize.

Regarding **claim 10**, Vasudevan discloses a mobile telecommunications network split

into a plurality of cells (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42; col. 9, lines 18-

20), the network comprising:

a plurality of base stations, wherein each of the base stations are allocated to a respective

cell within the plurality of cells (see col. 7, lines 38-40; Figs. 23a-c);

a management unit for managing the network (see Fig. 1);

a planning tool for constructing a representation of the geographical distribution of traffic

for a cellular radio network (see Fig. 1),

wherein the planning tool divides each cell of said cellular network into a set of areas

using information on handovers boundaries obtained from said cellular network, determines a

traffic value for each of said areas, and determines a representation of the geographical

distribution of the traffic from said traffic values (see col. 1, line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5,

lines 1-12; col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8,

and 20; claim 1); and

a storage unit storing the determined representation for determining whether corrective

measures are needed with respect to allocation of the plurality of base stations to respective

cells, wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from

said area to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines

10-19; Fig. 22b).

Response to Arguments

7.   Applicant's arguments filed 30 July 2007 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant's arguments as the applied

reference(s) provide more than adequate support and to further clarify (see the above claims

and comments in this section).

8.   Regarding applicant's argument of claim 1 on pg. 8, section V, 3rd paragraph,

"...does not disclose a method of constructing a representation of the geographical

distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network including dividing each cell of said cellular

network into a set of areas using information on handovers obtained from said cellular

network, determining a traffic value for each of said areas, and determining a representation

of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said traffic values, wherein the traffic

value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from said are to a neighboring

cell...", the Examiner respectfully disagrees. Applicant has failed to appreciate the teachings

of well-known prior art Vasudevan that clearly discloses the claimed feature(s) as would be

clearly recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art. As a note, applicant did not argue the

feature "...outputting the determined representation..." in which the Examiner interprets that

applicant must agree that the feature is met by the applied reference. In particular,

Vasudevan discloses the feature(s) a method of constructing a representation (Figs. 1, 5, and

17) of the geographical distribution of traffic for a cellular radio network (see abstract; col. 1,

line 64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 2, lines 14-42), the method comprising the steps of:

dividing each cell of said cellular network into a set of sectors which reads on the claimed

"areas" using information on handovers obtained from said cellular network (see col. 1, line

64 - col. 2, line 5; col. 5, lines 1-12; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8, and 20), where the cell is divided into

areas for handover of traffic;

determining a traffic threshold which reads on the claimed "value" for each of said areas

(see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines 9-19; Figs. 3, 22b, 22f, and

22h), where a threshold is calculated for each cell area; and

determining a representation of the geographical distribution of the traffic from said

traffic values (see col. 3, lines 47-64; col. 8, line 44 - col. 9, line 17; Figs. 5, 8, 11, 13, and

17), where the cell is split according to traffic threshold; and

outputting the determined representation (Figs. 1 and 24), where the system has a traffic

map which maps traffic of an area,

wherein the traffic value of an area depends on an outgoing handover probability from

said are to a neighboring cell (see col. 8, lines 14-19,44-64; col. 11, lines 4-11; col. 13, lines

10-19; Fig. 22b). Therefore, as addressed above, the applied reference more than adequately

meets the claim limitations.

9.   Regarding applicant's argument(s) of claims 3-10, the claims are addressed for the

same reasons as set forth above and as applied above in each claim rejection.

10.   The Examiner requests applicant to provide support for any further amended claim

language.

Conclusion

11.   Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Willie J. Daniel, Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-

7907. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Charles Appiah can be reached on (571) 272-7904. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

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OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/WJD,JR/

WJD,JR
05 October 2007

CHARLES N. APPIAH
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER